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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/791,525	03/01/2004	Rezvan Rooshenas	LCT100004000	2739	
22891	75,90 06/15/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
DELIO & PETERSON 121 WHITNEY AVENUE			FEELY, MICHAEL J		
NEW HAVEN, CT 06510			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1712		
			DATE MAILED: 06/15/2000	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/791,525	ROOSHENAS, REZVAN			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	_	Michael J. Feely	1712			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address			
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTED IN THE MAILING INSIGNS OF THE MAILING OF THE M	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 1.136(a). In no event, however, may and will apply and will expire SIX (6) Months, cause the application to become.	IICATION. The reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01	March 2004.				
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra					
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-6 and 10-15 is/are rejected.					
7)🛛	Claim(s) 7-9 and 11-18 is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.				
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac		by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ction is required if the drawin	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Burea see the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Ints have been received in ority documents have bee au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage			
2) D Notic 3) D Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date 20040301.	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 11-18 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a dependent claim cannot refer to two sets of claims to different features. See MPEP § 608.01(n).

Claims 11-18 should be rewritten in the style set forth in claim 10: --A method of applying a waterproofing composition to a substrate comprising: providing a substrate to be waterproofed; applying the composition of claim X (X is 1-9) to the substrate surface; and curing the composition.--

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-6, and 10-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Gardner et al. (US Pat. No. 4,608,404).

Regarding claims 1-6 and 10-15, Gardner et al. disclose: (1) a composition (Abstract) comprising: a flexible epoxy resin (column 5, lines 1 through column 6, line 7); a flexible curing agent (column 2, line 10 through column 3, line 9); and an effective amount of poly (p-phenylene

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terephthalamide) polymer fiber ("p-aramid") and/or poly (m-phenylene terephthalamide) polymer fiber ("m-aramid") (column 10, lines 35-55); (2) further comprising an epoxy flexibilizer which is reacted when cured with the flexible epoxy resin (column 2, line 10 through column 3, line 9: flexible hardener satisfies both of the "curing agent" and "flexibilizer"); (3) further comprising an epoxy reactive diluent which is used to reduce viscosity of the composition (column 9, lines 18-22); (4) wherein the flexible epoxy resin is a glycol glycidyl ether (column 6, lines 5-7); (5) wherein the flexible curing agent is polyamine (column 2, line 10 through column 3, line 9); (6) wherein the polyamine is a polyetherpolyamine (column 2, line 10 through column 3, line 9); and

(10-15) a method of applying a composition to a substrate comprising: providing a substrate; applying the composition of any of claims 1-6 to the substrate surface; and curing the composition (column 10, line 55 through column 11, line 50).

Gardner et al. do not explicitly disclose: (1) that the composition is strong, workable and easy to apply, flexible, passes ASTM D4068, and cures quickly allowing for flood testing after 24 hours at 70°F. They also do not explicitly disclose that if forms a waterproofing membrane upon curing. However, it appears that the composition of Gardner et al. inherently satisfies all of these property limitations because it satisfies all of the material limitations set forth in the instant invention.

It has been found that, "Products of identical chemical composition can not have mutually exclusive properties." A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, the properties applicant

discloses and/or claims are necessarily present – *In re Spada*, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Therefore, if not explicitly taught by the reference, then the composition of Gardner et al. would have inherently satisfied the claimed property limitations because the composition of Gardner et al. satisfies all of the material limitations set forth in the instant invention.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 7-9 and 16-18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

<u>Regarding claim 7</u>, Gardner et al. provide no teaching or suggestion to include an acrylate functional urethane resin in their composition.

Schoenfeld et al. (Pub. No. US 2003/0196753) disclose a similar composition wherein an acrylate terminated urethane resin is added to a composition based on a pre-polymer derived from epoxy resins and amine-terminated polyethers (Abstract). However, the composition does not contain a flexible hardener. The amine-terminated polyether could satisfy the limitation; however, it is fully consumed during the preparation of the pre-polymer (paragraph 0020). Furthermore, these references lack a nexus that would teach or suggest the use of Schoenfeld's acrylate terminated urethane resin in the composition of Gardner et al.

Claims 8, 9, and 16-18 are allowable because they are dependent from claim 7.

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Communication

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael J. Feely whose telephone number is 571-272-1086. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 to 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Randy Gulakowski can be reached on 571-272-1302. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michael J. Feely Primary Examiner

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June 12, 2006

MICHAEL FEELY PRIMARY EXAMINER